

## EMERGENCY DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMME (PDU)

### PASC II: Supporting stability and community cohesion in Northern Tillabéry

	<b>DONOR(S)</b> The Crisis and Support Centre (CDCS)
	<b>COUNTRY</b> Niger
	<b>AMOUNT</b> 400 000 EUR
	<b>DATES</b> April 2019 – March 2020
	<b>PHASE</b> Closed
	<b>IMPLEMENTING AGENCY</b> The High Authority for Peace-Building (HACP)
	<b>PDU PILLAR</b> Pillar III: Strengthening social cohesion



#### Intervention area:

The 4 communes located at the border with Mali and Burkina Faso (Gorouol, Bankilaré, Inatès and Ayorou)



## DESCRIPTION

The PASC II project to support stability and community cohesion in Northern Tillabéry, financed by the French Crisis and Support Centre (CDCS), aimed to support socio-economic development, reinforce social cohesion and strengthen the State's presence in the 4 communes of Gorouol, Bankilaré, Inatès and Ayorou. These border communes are particularly affected by the deteriorating humanitarian and security situation and are located in the operation zones of G5 Sahel's Joint Force. The project also aimed at restoring confidence between the civilian population and the defence and security forces.

The project was implemented over a 12-month period (April 2019 - March 2020) by the High Authority for Peacebuilding (HACP) with a budget of EUR 400.000. The project is part of the G5 Sahel's Emergency Development Programme (PDU), an initiative aimed at stabilising the border areas of the G5 Sahel countries, and supports the operationalisation of Pillar III of the PDU:

*Supporting local communities and institutions in conflict prevention and strengthening social cohesion by reinforcing the local socio-economic fabric.*



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## PROJECT ACHIEVEMENTS

A total of 20 micro-projects were financed in the framework of this project. Priority was given to labour-intensive activities, income-generating activities, the supply of cereal banks and livestock feed banks, the rehabilitation of small water infrastructure, citizenship promotion activities and civil-military activities.

More concretely, the following activities have been completed:

- Rehabilitation of 3 dykes to protect against river flooding in the villages of Doulsou, Goungo Koré, Koutougou
- Rehabilitation of two mini water drinking water supply systems in the villages of Tangouchmane I and Tintihoun
- Recovery of 75 ha of degraded land in the villages of Weyta Koira, Koutougou Tedebett
- Realisation of 3 vaccination parks in the villages of Koutougou, Agay Peulh and Tagabatt.
- Recovery of degraded land in 4 villages in Tringa and Farkoye
- Rehabilitation of the riffles of the village of Séga
- Installation of mills in the villages of Belleykoira, Koulzounkou, Douf1 and Boyébangouet Gaya
- Civil status: a total of 2500 identity cards and 2000 birth certificates were issued to citizens
- Awareness raising campaign on social cohesion in the commune of Ayorou
- Improvement of a hydraulic pumping station in the town of Ayorou
- Mobile court hearing of the civil status services in the commune of Inatès
- Support in the form of livestock kits in the commune Bankilaré
- All-season agricultural promotion of a rice-growing perimeter in Gorouol canton

### What is the Emergency Development Programme?

In 2018, the Heads of State of the G5 Sahel asked the Executive Secretariat of the G5 Sahel (SEG5 Sahel) to launch quick-impact emergency projects. Consequently, the Emergency Development Programme (PDU) came into life in order to stabilise fragile border areas identified by the G5.

In response to the G5 Sahel's request to finance the PDU, the Sahel Alliance's members collectively mobilised 119 million Euro dedicated to 21 projects and programmes in total. These projects meet the following 3 criteria:

- I. The project is located in sensitive cross-border areas as identified by the G5
- II. The project responds to specific thematic or sectoral issues
- III. Actual achievements are visible by the end of 2018 / beginning of 2019