EMERGENCY DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMME (PDU)
Kanem Water Supply, Sanitation and Pastoral Hydraulic Facilities Project

DONOR(S)
European Union

COUNTRY
Chad

CODE
T05-EUTF-SAH-REG-18

AMOUNT
6,000,000 EUR

DATES
01/2020 - 01/2024

PHASE
Implementation

PARTNER(S)
Water and Sanitation Ministry

PDU PILLAR
I) Access to water and sanitation

DESCRIPTION
The Kanem Water Supply, Sanitation and Pastoral Hydraulic Facilities Project aims at improving the living conditions of the border populations in the Kanem region through better access to drinking water, sanitation and pastoral water services. The investments are in line with Chad's new Water and Sanitation Strategy which takes into account the movement of mobile populations.

The European Union is financing these activities through the Emergency Trust Fund for Africa (EUTF) with an amount of EUR 6 million as part of the EU's Emergency Programme for the Stabilisation of Border Areas of the G5 Sahel (T05-EUTF-SAH-REG-18). This programme is part of the Emergency Development Programme (PDU), an initiative launched by the G5 Sahel governments to stabilise their border regions with the support of the Sahel Alliance. The Kanem Water Supply, Sanitation and Pastoral Hydraulic Facilities Project supports Pillar I of the PDU:

Pillar I: “Improving the living conditions of border populations through better access to basic services, in particular to water and sanitation”.

OBJECTIVES
The overall objective of the project is to contribute to improving the living conditions of border populations through better access to water and sanitation. Specifically, the project aims to:

- Increase the target population’s access rate to drinking water;
- Increase the target population’s access to sanitation services;
- Reduce the distance between pastoral water points for livestock watering;
- Increase the efficiency of water supply and sanitation facilities.
The expected results of the project are as follows:

- The target population's access rate to drinking water increased by 18%;
- The target population's access to sanitation services is improved;
- The distance between pastoral water points is reduced, improving the water supply for livestock;
- The performance of water supply and sanitation facilities is increased by improving their functionality and maintenance.

Under the implementation of this project, the EU aims to improve the living conditions of the populations by:

- Promoting a rational use of grazing land;
- Improving the health situation of the populations of the target regions by reducing waterborne diseases;
- Increasing the national drinking water supply rate from 53 to 58.4%;
- Reducing community conflicts and conflicts between farmers and herders over water control and sharing.

**PROJECT PROGRESS**

It was foreseen that the project would be implemented by NGOs selected through a call for proposals. However, the Chadian government introduced new legislation which affects the operating budget of NGOs in Chad and is potentially incompatible with the EU’s financial regulations, the Cotonou Agreement as well as internationally recognised humanitarian principles.

As a result, in 2019, the EU had to suspend its projects in Chad which are implemented by NGOs, including the Kanem Water Supply, Sanitation and Pastoral Hydraulic Facilities Project. The EU informed its member States and the Chadian authorities accordingly.

### What is the Emergency Development Programme?

In 2018, the Heads of State of the G5 Sahel asked the Executive Secretariat of the G5 Sahel (SEG5 Sahel) to launch quick-impact emergency projects. Consequently, the Emergency Development Programme (PDU) came into life in order to stabilise fragile border areas identified by the G5.

In response to the G5 Sahel’s request to finance the PDU, the Sahel Alliance’s members collectively mobilised 199 million Euro dedicated to 21 projects and programmes in total. These projects meet the following 3 criteria:

I. The project is located in sensitive cross-border areas as identified by the G5
II. The project responds to specific thematic or sectoral issues
III. Actual achievements are visible by the end of 2018 / beginning of 2019